



NORTHPARK Animal Hospital

LICK GRANULOMA

What is a lick granuloma?

Also known as **acral lick dermatitis**, this problem begins as an area of hair loss and reddened skin most commonly on the wrist or carpal joint on the front legs. It often looks like a “hot spot”. These differ from “hot spots” in that they persist despite treatment. They are often associated with chronic, persistent licking, especially when the pet is alone or when the family is sleeping.

Is there any breed disposition?

The condition occurs mainly in medium to large breeds, particularly Dobermans, Great Danes, Labradors, Retrievers and Irish Setters. However, any breed may develop acral lick dermatitis.

What is the cause?

The exact cause of acral lick dermatitis is unknown. Psychological factors such as stress or boredom may initiate the condition. It should be noted that although it can occur on the hind limbs, the anterior and lateral aspects of the forelimbs are most commonly affected. These are areas that the dog can constantly lick while lying in a normal position. The chronic nature of the condition is often associated with a deep bacterial infection. It is important to distinguish between psychological and physiological causes in order to provide the proper treatment.

How is it diagnosed?

The site and appearance of the lesion is a major guide to diagnosis. Skin biopsies are often taken if (a) there is no response to treatment and (b) to rule out other causes such as mange or tumor. The underlying joint may be radiographed to determine if arthritis is present.

What is the treatment?

The treatment will vary depending on your pet’s condition. Long term antibiotics, topical and oral anti-inflammatory medications are some of the common treatments for acral lick dermatitis.

